	2021159
1	
2	An act relating to consumer protection; amending
3	501.0051, F.S.; deleting authorization for consumer
4	reporting agencies to charge a fee for reissuing or
5	providing a new unique personal identifier to a
6	consumer; amending s. 624.307, F.S.; revising a
7	requirement for persons licensed or authorized by the
8	Department of Financial Services or the Office of
9	Insurance Regulation to respond to the department's
10	Division of Consumer Services regarding consumer
11	complaints; amending s. 624.501, F.S.; deleting a fee
12	for adjusting firm licenses; amending s. 626.112,
13	F.S.; deleting an obsolete provision; prohibiting
14	unlicensed activity by an adjusting firm; providing an
15	exemption; providing an exemption from licensure for
16	branch firms that meet certain criteria; providing an
17	administrative penalty for failing to apply for
18	certain licensure; providing a criminal penalty for
19	aiding or abetting unlicensed activity; amending s.
20	626.602, F.S.; authorizing the department to
21	disapprove the use of insurance agency names
22	containing the word "Medicare" or "Medicaid";
23	providing an exception for certain insurance agencies
24	for a certain period; providing for expiration of
25	certain licenses on a certain date; amending s.
26	626.621, F.S.; adding grounds on which the department
27	may take certain actions against a license,
28	appointment, or application of certain insurance
29	representatives; amending ss. 626.782 and 626.783,

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30	F.S.; revising the definitions of the terms
31	"industrial class insurer" and "ordinary-combination
32	class insurer," respectively, to conform to changes
33	made by the act; repealing s. 626.796, F.S., relating
34	to the representation of multiple insurers in the same
35	industrial debit territory; amending s. 626.854, F.S.;
36	revising the timeframes in which an insured or a
37	claimant may cancel a public adjuster's contract to
38	adjust a claim without penalty or obligation;
39	requiring that a public adjuster's contract include a
40	specified disclosure; specifying requirements for
41	written estimates of loss provided by public adjusters
42	to claimants or insureds; revising a prohibition
43	against certain contractors or subcontractors
44	providing insureds with specified services; providing
45	an exception; revising services a person is prohibited
46	from performing unless the person meets specified
47	requirements; authorizing the department to take
48	administrative actions and impose fines against
49	persons performing specified activities without
50	licensure; prohibiting specified persons from charging
51	insureds or third-party claimants or receiving
52	payments under certain circumstances; amending s.
53	626.916, F.S.; revising disclosure requirements for
54	certain classes of insurance before being eligible for
55	export under the Surplus Lines Law; amending s.
56	626.9541, F.S.; adding certain acts or practices to
57	the definition of sliding; amending s. 626.9741, F.S.;
58	requiring an insurer to include certain additional

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	202115
59	information when providing an applicant or insured
60	with certain credit report or score information;
61	amending ss. 626.9953, 626.9957, and 627.062, F.S.;
62	conforming cross-references; amending s. 627.502,
63	F.S.; prohibiting life insurers from writing new
64	policies of industrial life insurance beginning on a
65	certain date; making technical changes; amending s.
66	627.70131, F.S.; providing that a communication made
67	to or by an insurer's representative, rather than to
68	or by an insurer's agent, constitutes communication to
69	or by the insurer; defining the term "representative",
70	rather than "agent"; revising the timeframe for
71	insurers to begin certain investigations; requiring an
72	insurer-assigned licensed adjuster to provide the
73	policyholder with certain information in certain
74	investigations; requiring insurers to maintain certain
75	records and provide certain lists upon request;
76	requiring insurers to include specified notices when
77	providing preliminary or partial damage estimates or
78	claim payments; providing applicability; conforming
79	provisions to changes made by the act; amending s.
80	627.7142, F.S.; revising information contained in the
81	Homeowner Claims Bill of Rights; conforming provisions
82	to changes made by the act; amending s. 631.57, F.S.;
83	deleting a deductible on the obligation of the Florida
84	Insurance Guaranty Association, Incorporated, as to
85	certain covered claims; amending s. 631.904, F.S.;
86	revising the definition of the term "covered claim";
87	deleting a requirement that a policy be in force on

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88	the date of the final order of liquidation; providing
89	effective dates.
90	
91	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
92	
93	Section 1. Subsection (9) of section 501.0051, Florida
94	Statutes, is amended to read:
95	501.0051 Protected consumer report security freeze
96	(9) (a) A consumer reporting agency may not charge any fee
97	to place or remove a security freeze.
98	(b) A consumer reporting agency may charge a reasonable
99	fee, not to exceed \$10, if the representative fails to retain
100	the original unique personal identifier provided by the consumer
101	reporting agency and the agency must reissue the unique personal
102	identifier or provide a new unique personal identifier to the
103	representative.
104	Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of section
105	624.307, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
106	624.307 General powers; duties
107	(10)
108	(b) Any person licensed or issued a certificate of
109	authority by the department or the office shall respond, in
110	writing, to the division within 20 days after receipt of a
111	written request for <u>documents and</u> information from the division
112	concerning a consumer complaint. The response must address the
113	issues and allegations raised in the complaint <u>and include any</u>
114	requested documents concerning the consumer complaint not
115	subject to attorney-client or work-product privilege. The
116	division may impose an administrative penalty for failure to

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117	comply with this paragraph of up to \$2,500 per violation upon
118	any entity licensed by the department or the office and \$250 for
119	the first violation, \$500 for the second violation, and up to
120	\$1,000 for the third or subsequent violation upon any individual
121	licensed by the department or the office.
122	Section 3. Subsection (20) of section 624.501, Florida
123	Statutes, is amended to read:
124	624.501 Filing, license, appointment, and miscellaneous
125	feesThe department, commission, or office, as appropriate,
126	shall collect in advance, and persons so served shall pay to it
127	in advance, fees, licenses, and miscellaneous charges as
128	follows:
129	(20) Adjusting firm, original or renewal 3-year
130	license\$60.00
131	Section 4. Present subsection (9) of section 626.112,
132	Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (10) and
133	amended, a new subsection (9) is added to that section, and
134	paragraph (d) of subsection (7) of that section is amended, to
135	read:
136	626.112 License and appointment required; agents, customer
137	representatives, adjusters, insurance agencies, service
138	representatives, managing general agents, insurance adjusting
139	firms
140	(7)
141	(d) Effective October 1, 2015, the department must
142	automatically convert the registration of an approved registered
143	insurance agency to an insurance agency license.
144	(9)(a) An individual, a firm, a partnership, a corporation,
145	an association, or any other entity may not act in its own name
I	

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146	or under a trade name, directly or indirectly, as an adjusting
147	firm unless it complies with s. 626.8696 with respect to
148	possessing an adjusting firm license for each place of business
149	at which it engages in an activity that may be performed only by
150	a licensed insurance adjuster. However, an adjusting firm that
151	is owned and operated by a single licensed adjuster conducting
152	business in his or her individual name and not employing or
153	otherwise using the services of or appointing other licensees is
154	exempt from the adjusting firm licensing requirements of this
155	subsection.
156	(b) A branch place of business that is established by a
157	licensed adjusting firm is considered a branch firm and is not
158	required to be licensed if:
159	1. It transacts business under the same name and federal
160	tax identification number as the licensed adjusting firm;
161	2. It has designated with the department a primary adjuster
162	operating the location as required by s. 626.8695; and
163	3. The address and telephone number of the branch location
164	have been submitted to the department for inclusion in the
165	licensing record of the licensed adjusting firm within 30 days
166	after insurance transactions begin at the branch location.
167	(c) If an adjusting firm is required to be licensed but
168	fails to apply for licensure in accordance with this subsection,
169	the department must impose an administrative penalty of up to
170	\$10,000 on the firm.
171	(10) (9) Any person who knowingly transacts insurance or
172	otherwise engages in insurance activities in this state without
173	a license in violation of this section or who knowingly aids or
174	abets an unlicensed person in transacting insurance or otherwise

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20211598er 175 engaging in insurance activities in this state without a license 176 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in 177 s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Section 5. Subsection (4) is added to section 626.602, 178 179 Florida Statutes, to read: 180 626.602 Insurance agency names; disapproval.-The department 181 may disapprove the use of any true or fictitious name, other 182 than the bona fide natural name of an individual, by any 183 insurance agency on any of the following grounds: 184 (4) The name contains the word "Medicare" or "Medicaid." An insurance agency whose name contains the word "Medicare" or 185 "Medicaid" but which is licensed as of July 1, 2021, may 186 187 continue to use that name until June 30, 2023, provided that the agency's license remains valid. If the agency's license expires 188 or is suspended or revoked, the agency may not be relicensed 189 190 using that name. Licenses for agencies with names containing 191 either of these words automatically expire on July 1, 2023, 192 unless these words are removed from the name. 193 Section 6. Subsections (16) and (17) are added to section 194 626.621, Florida Statutes, to read: 195 626.621 Grounds for discretionary refusal, suspension, or revocation of agent's, adjuster's, customer representative's, 196 service representative's, or managing general agent's license or 197

appointment.—The department may, in its discretion, deny an application for, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew or continue the license or appointment of any applicant, agent, adjuster, customer representative, service representative, or managing general agent, and it may suspend or revoke the eligibility to hold a license or appointment of any such person, if it finds

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204	that as to the applicant, licensee, or appointee any one or more
205	of the following applicable grounds exist under circumstances
206	for which such denial, suspension, revocation, or refusal is not
207	mandatory under s. 626.611:
208	(16) Taking an action that allows the personal financial or
209	medical information of a consumer or customer to be made
210	available or accessible to the general public, regardless of the
211	format in which the record is stored.
212	(17) Initiating in-person or telephone solicitation after 9
213	p.m. or before 8 a.m. local time of the prospective customer
214	unless requested by the prospective customer.
215	Section 7. Section 626.782, Florida Statutes, is amended to
216	read:
217	626.782 "Industrial class insurer" defined.—An "industrial
218	class insurer" is an insurer <u>collecting premiums on policies of</u>
219	writing industrial life insurance, as defined in s. 627.502,
220	written before July 1, 2021, and as to such insurance, operates
221	under a system of collecting a debit by its agent.
222	Section 8. Section 626.783, Florida Statutes, is amended to
223	read:
224	626.783 "Ordinary-combination class insurer" defined.—An
225	"ordinary-combination class insurer" is an insurer writing both
226	ordinary class insurance and collecting premiums on existing
227	industrial <u>life</u> class insurance <u>as defined by s. 627.502</u> .
228	Section 9. Section 626.796, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
229	Section 10. Subsections (6), (11), (15), and (19) of
230	section 626.854, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections
231	(20) and (21) are added to that section, to read:
232	626.854 "Public adjuster" defined; prohibitionsThe
l	

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20211598er 233 Legislature finds that it is necessary for the protection of the 234 public to regulate public insurance adjusters and to prevent the 235 unauthorized practice of law.

236 (6) An insured or claimant may cancel a public adjuster's 237 contract to adjust a claim without penalty or obligation within 10 3 business days after the date on which the contract is 238 executed or within 3 business days after the date on which the 239 240 insured or claimant has notified the insurer of the claim, 241 is later. The public adjuster's contract must contain whichever-242 the following language in minimum 18-point bold type: "You, the 243 insured, may cancel this contract for any reason without penalty or obligation to you within 10 days after the date of this 244 245 contract by providing notice to ... (name of public adjuster)..., 246 submitted in writing and sent by certified mail, return receipt 247 requested, or other form of mailing that provides proof thereof, 248 at the address specified in the contract disclose to the insured 249 or claimant his or her right to cancel the contract and advise 250 the insured or claimant that notice of cancellation must be 251 submitted in writing and sent by certified mail, return receipt 252 requested, or other form of mailing that provides proof thereof, 253 to the public adjuster at the address specified in the contract; 254 provided, during any state of emergency as declared by the 255 Governor and for 1 year after the date of loss, the insured or 256 claimant has 5 business days after the date on which the 257 contract is executed to cancel a public adjuster's contract.

(11) Each public adjuster must provide to the claimant or insured a written estimate of the loss to assist in the submission of a proof of loss or any other claim for payment of insurance proceeds within 60 days after the date of the

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262 <u>contract. The written estimate must include an itemized, per-</u>
263 <u>unit estimate of the repairs, including itemized information on</u>
264 <u>equipment, materials, labor, and supplies, in accordance with</u>
265 <u>accepted industry standards</u>. The public adjuster shall retain
266 such written estimate for at least 5 years and shall make the
267 estimate available to the claimant or insured, the insurer, and
268 the department upon request.

269 (15) A licensed contractor under part I of chapter 489, or 270 a subcontractor of such licensee, may not advertise, solicit, offer to handle, handle, or perform public adjuster services as 271 272 provided in s. 626.854(1) adjust a claim on behalf of an insured 273 unless licensed and compliant as a public adjuster under this 274 chapter. The prohibition against solicitation does not preclude a contractor from suggesting or otherwise recommending to a 275 consumer that the consumer consider contacting his or her 276 277 insurer to determine if the proposed repair is covered under the 278 consumer's insurance policy. In addition However, the contractor 279 may discuss or explain a bid for construction or repair of 280 covered property with the residential property owner who has 281 suffered loss or damage covered by a property insurance policy, or the insurer of such property, if the contractor is doing so 282 283 for the usual and customary fees applicable to the work to be performed as stated in the contract between the contractor and 284 285 the insured.

(19) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, no person, except an attorney at law or a <u>licensed</u> public adjuster, may for money, commission, or any other thing of value, directly or indirectly:

290

(a) Prepare, complete, or file an insurance claim for an

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291	insured or a third-party claimant;
292	(b) Act on behalf of or aid an insured or a third-party
293	claimant in negotiating for or effecting the settlement of a
294	claim for loss or damage covered by an insurance contract;
295	(c) Offer to initiate or negotiate a claim on behalf of an
296	insured;
297	(d) Advertise services that require a license for
298	employment as a public adjuster; or
299	<u>(e)</u> Solicit, investigate, or adjust a claim on behalf of
300	a public adjuster, an insured, or a third-party claimant.
301	(20) The department may take administrative actions and
302	impose fines against any persons performing claims adjusting,
303	soliciting, or any other services described in this section
304	without the licensure required under this section or s. 626.112.
305	(21) A public adjuster, public adjuster apprentice, or
306	public adjusting firm that solicits a claim and does not enter
307	into a contract with an insured or a third-party claimant
308	pursuant to paragraph (10)(a) may not charge an insured or a
309	third-party claimant or receive payment by any other source for
310	any type of service related to the insured or third-party
311	claimant's claim.
312	Section 11. Effective January 1, 2022, subsection (3) of
313	section 626.916, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (f)
314	is added to subsection (1) of that section, to read:
315	626.916 Eligibility for export
316	(1) No insurance coverage shall be eligible for export
317	unless it meets all of the following conditions:
318	(f) The insured has signed or otherwise provided documented
319	acknowledgment of a disclosure in substantially the following

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320	form: "You are agreeing to place coverage in the surplus lines
321	market. Coverage may be available in the admitted market.
322	Persons insured by surplus lines carriers are not protected
323	under the Florida Insurance Guaranty Act with respect to any
324	right of recovery for the obligation of an insolvent unlicensed
325	insurer."
326	(3)(a) Subsection (1) does not apply to wet marine and
327	transportation or aviation risks that which are subject to s.
328	626.917.
329	(b) Paragraphs (1)(a)-(d) do not apply to classes of
330	insurance which are subject to s. 627.062(3)(d)1. These classes
331	may be exportable under the following conditions:
332	1. The insurance must be placed only by or through a
333	surplus lines agent licensed in this state;
334	2. The insurer must be made eligible under s. 626.918; and
335	3. The insured <u>has complied with paragraph (1)(f)</u> must sign
336	a disclosure that substantially provides the following: "You are
337	agreeing to place coverage in the surplus lines market. Superior
338	coverage may be available in the admitted market and at a lesser
339	cost. Persons insured by surplus lines carriers are not
340	protected under the Florida Insurance Guaranty Act with respect
341	to any right of recovery for the obligation of an insolvent
342	unlicensed insurer." If the <u>disclosure</u> notice is signed by the
343	insured, the insured is presumed to have been informed and to
344	know that other coverage may be available, and, with respect to
345	the diligent-effort requirement under subsection (1), there is
346	no liability on the part of, and no cause of action arises
347	against, the retail agent presenting the form.
348	Section 12. Paragraph (z) of subsection (1) of section

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349 626.9541, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 350 626.9541 Unfair methods of competition and unfair or 351 deceptive acts or practices defined.-352 (1) UNFAIR METHODS OF COMPETITION AND UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE 353 ACTS.-The following are defined as unfair methods of competition 354 and unfair or deceptive acts or practices: 355 (z) Sliding.-Sliding is the act or practice of any of the 356 following: 357 1. Representing to the applicant that a specific ancillary 358 coverage or product is required by law in conjunction with the 359 purchase of insurance when such coverage or product is not 360 required.+ 361 2. Representing to the applicant that a specific ancillary 362 coverage or product is included in the policy applied for without an additional charge when such charge is required.; or 363 364 3. Charging an applicant for a specific ancillary coverage 365 or product, in addition to the cost of the insurance coverage 366 applied for, without the informed consent of the applicant. 367 4. Initiating, effectuating, binding, or otherwise issuing a policy of insurance without the prior informed consent of the 368 369 owner of the property to be insured. 370 5. Mailing, transmitting, or otherwise submitting by any 371 means an invoice for premium payment to a mortgagee or escrow 372 agent, for the purpose of effectuating an insurance policy, 373 without the prior informed consent of the owner of the property 374 to be insured. However, this subparagraph does not apply in 375 cases in which the mortgagee or escrow agent is renewing 376 insurance or issuing collateral protection insurance, as defined 377 in s. 624.6085, pursuant to the mortgage or other pertinent loan

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378	documents or communications regarding the property.
379	Section 13. Effective January 1, 2022, subsection (3) of
380	section 626.9741, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
381	626.9741 Use of credit reports and credit scores by
382	insurers
383	(3) An insurer must inform an applicant or insured, in the
384	same medium as the application is taken, that a credit report or
385	score is being requested for underwriting or rating purposes.
386	The notification to the consumer must include the following
387	language: "The Department of Financial Services offers free
388	financial literacy programs to assist you with insurance-related
389	questions, including how credit works and how credit scores are
390	calculated. To learn more, visit www.MyFloridaCFO.com." An
391	insurer that makes an adverse decision based, in whole or in
392	part, upon a credit report must provide at no charge $_{ au}$ a copy of
393	the credit report to the applicant or insured or provide the
394	applicant or insured with the name, address, and telephone
395	number of the consumer reporting agency from which the insured
396	or applicant may obtain the credit report. The insurer must
397	provide notification to the consumer explaining the reasons for
398	the adverse decision. The reasons must be provided in
399	sufficiently clear and specific language so that a person can
400	identify the basis for the insurer's adverse decision. Such
401	notification shall include a description of the four primary
402	reasons, or such fewer number as existed, which were the primary
403	influences of the adverse decision. The use of generalized terms
404	such as "poor credit history," "poor credit rating," or "poor
405	insurance score" does not meet the explanation requirements of
406	this subsection. A credit score may not be used in underwriting

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407 or rating insurance unless the scoring process produces 408 information in sufficient detail to permit compliance with the 409 requirements of this subsection. It shall not be deemed an 410 adverse decision if, due to the insured's credit report or 411 credit score, the insured continues to receive a less favorable 412 rate or placement in a less favorable tier or company at the 413 time of renewal except for renewals or reunderwriting required 414 by this section.

415 Section 14. Subsection (5) of section 626.9953, Florida 416 Statutes, is amended to read:

417 626.9953 Qualifications for registration; application
418 required.-

419 (5) An applicant must submit a set of his or her fingerprints to the department and pay the processing fee 420 established under s. $624.501(23) = \frac{624.501(24)}{5.624.501(24)}$. The department 421 422 shall submit the applicant's fingerprints to the Department of 423 Law Enforcement for processing state criminal history records 424 checks and local criminal records checks through local law 425 enforcement agencies and for forwarding to the Federal Bureau of 426 Investigation for national criminal history records checks. The fingerprints shall be taken by a law enforcement agency, a 427 428 designated examination center, or another department-approved 429 entity. The department may not approve an application for 430 registration as a navigator if fingerprints have not been 431 submitted.

432 Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 626.9957, Florida 433 Statutes, is amended to read:

434 626.9957 Conduct prohibited; denial, revocation, or 435 suspension of registration.—

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436	(1) As provided in s. 626.112, only a person licensed as an
437	insurance agent or customer representative may engage in the
438	solicitation of insurance. A person who engages in the
439	solicitation of insurance as described in s. 626.112(1) without
440	such license is subject to the penalties provided under <u>s.</u>
441	<u>626.112(10)</u> s. 626.112(9) .
442	Section 16. Subsection (10) of section 627.062, Florida
443	Statutes, is amended to read:
444	627.062 Rate standards
445	(10) Any interest paid pursuant to <u>s. 627.70131(7)</u> s.
446	627.70131(5) may not be included in the insurer's rate base and
447	may not be used to justify a rate or rate change.
448	Section 17. Section 627.502, Florida Statutes, is amended
449	to read:
450	627.502 "Industrial life insurance" defined; reporting;
451	prohibition on new policies after a certain date
452	(1) For the purposes of this code, "industrial life
453	insurance" is that form of life insurance written under policies
454	under which premiums are payable monthly or more often, bearing
455	the words "industrial policy" or "weekly premium policy" or
456	words of similar import imprinted upon the policies as part of
457	the descriptive matter, and issued by an insurer that which, as
458	to such industrial life insurance, is operating under a system
459	of collecting a debit by its agent.
460	(2) Every life insurer <u>servicing existing</u> transacting
461	industrial life insurance shall report to the office all annual
462	statement data regarding the exhibit of life insurance,
463	including relevant information for industrial life insurance.

464

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(3) Beginning July 1, 2021, a life insurer may not write a

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465	new policy of industrial life insurance.
466	Section 18. Effective January 1, 2022, section 627.70131,
467	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
468	627.70131 Insurer's duty to acknowledge communications
469	regarding claims; investigation
470	(1)(a) Upon an insurer's receiving a communication with
471	respect to a claim, the insurer shall, within 14 calendar days,
472	review and acknowledge receipt of such communication unless
473	payment is made within that period of time or unless the failure
474	to acknowledge is caused by factors beyond the control of the
475	insurer which reasonably prevent such acknowledgment. If the
476	acknowledgment is not in writing, a notification indicating
477	acknowledgment shall be made in the insurer's claim file and
478	dated. A communication made to or by <u>a representative</u> an agent
479	of an insurer with respect to a claim shall constitute
480	communication to or by the insurer.
481	(b) As used in this subsection, the term <u>"representative"</u>
482	"agent" means any person to whom an insurer has granted

authority or responsibility to receive or make such
 communications with respect to claims on behalf of the insurer.

485 (c) This subsection <u>does</u> shall not apply to claimants
486 represented by counsel beyond those communications necessary to
487 provide forms and instructions.

(2) Such acknowledgment <u>must</u> shall be responsive to the communication. If the communication constitutes a notification of a claim, unless the acknowledgment reasonably advises the claimant that the claim appears not to be covered by the insurer, the acknowledgment <u>must</u> shall provide necessary claim forms, and instructions, including an appropriate telephone

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494	number.
495	(3) <u>(a)</u> Unless otherwise provided by the policy of insurance
496	or by law, within $\underline{14}$ $\underline{10}$ working days after an insurer receives
497	proof of loss statements, the insurer shall begin such
498	investigation as is reasonably necessary unless the failure to
499	begin such investigation is caused by factors beyond the control
500	of the insurer which reasonably prevent the commencement of such
501	investigation.
502	(b) If such investigation involves a physical inspection of
503	the property, the licensed adjuster assigned by the insurer must
504	provide the policyholder with a printed or electronic document
505	containing his or her name and state adjuster license number.
506	(c) Any subsequent communication with the policyholder
507	regarding the claim must also include the name and license
508	number of the adjuster communicating about the claim.
509	Communication of the adjuster's name and license number may be
510	included with other information provided to the policyholder.
511	(4) An insurer shall maintain a record or log of each
512	adjuster who communicates with the policyholder as provided in
513	paragraphs (3)(b) and (c) and provide a list of such adjusters
514	to the insured, office, or department upon request.
515	(5) For purposes of this section, the term "insurer" means
516	any residential property insurer.
517	(6)(a) When providing a preliminary or partial estimate of
518	damage regarding a claim, an insurer shall include with the
519	estimate the following statement printed in at least 12-point
520	bold, uppercase type: THIS ESTIMATE REPRESENTS OUR CURRENT
521	EVALUATION OF THE COVERED DAMAGES TO YOUR INSURED PROPERTY AND
522	MAY BE REVISED AS WE CONTINUE TO EVALUATE YOUR CLAIM. IF YOU

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523 HAVE QUESTIONS, CONCERNS, OR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING 524 YOUR CLAIM, WE ENCOURAGE YOU TO CONTACT US. 525 (b) When providing a payment on a claim which is not the 526 full and final payment for the claim, an insurer shall include 527 with the payment the following statement printed in at least 12-528 point bold, uppercase type: WE ARE CONTINUING TO EVALUATE YOUR 529 CLAIM INVOLVING YOUR INSURED PROPERTY AND MAY ISSUE ADDITIONAL 530 PAYMENTS. IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS, CONCERNS, OR ADDITIONAL 531 INFORMATION REGARDING YOUR CLAIM, WE ENCOURAGE YOU TO CONTACT 532 US.

533 (7) (a) (5) (a) Within 90 days after an insurer receives 534 notice of an initial, reopened, or supplemental property 535 insurance claim from a policyholder, the insurer shall pay or 536 deny such claim or a portion of the claim unless the failure to 537 pay is caused by factors beyond the control of the insurer which 538 reasonably prevent such payment. Any payment of an initial or 539 supplemental claim or portion of such claim made 90 days after 540 the insurer receives notice of the claim, or made more than 15 541 days after there are no longer factors beyond the control of the 542 insurer which reasonably prevented such payment, whichever is later, bears interest at the rate set forth in s. 55.03. 543 544 Interest begins to accrue from the date the insurer receives 545 notice of the claim. The provisions of this subsection may not 546 be waived, voided, or nullified by the terms of the insurance 547 policy. If there is a right to prejudgment interest, the insured 548 shall select whether to receive prejudgment interest or interest 549 under this subsection. Interest is payable when the claim or 550 portion of the claim is paid. Failure to comply with this 551 subsection constitutes a violation of this code. However,

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20211598er 552 failure to comply with this subsection does not form the sole 553 basis for a private cause of action. 554 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (5) (4), for purposes of 555 this subsection, the term "claim" means any of the following: 556 1. A claim under an insurance policy providing residential 557 coverage as defined in s. 627.4025(1); 558 2. A claim for structural or contents coverage under a 559 commercial property insurance policy if the insured structure is 560 10,000 square feet or less; or 561 3. A claim for contents coverage under a commercial tenant 562 policy if the insured premises is 10,000 square feet or less. (c) This subsection does shall not apply to claims under an 563 564 insurance policy covering nonresidential commercial structures 565 or contents in more than one state. (8) This section also applies to surplus lines insurers and 566 567 surplus lines insurance authorized under ss. 626.913-626.937 568 providing residential coverage. 569 Section 19. Effective January 1, 2022, section 627.7142, 570 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 571 627.7142 Homeowner Claims Bill of Rights.-An insurer issuing a personal lines residential property insurance policy 572 573 in this state must provide a Homeowner Claims Bill of Rights to 574 a policyholder within 14 days after receiving an initial 575 communication with respect to a claim, unless the claim follows 576 an event that is the subject of a declaration of a state of 577 emergency by the Governor. The purpose of the bill of rights is 578 to summarize, in simple, nontechnical terms, existing Florida 579 law regarding the rights of a personal lines residential 580 property insurance policyholder who files a claim of loss. The

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581 Homeowner Claims Bill of Rights is specific to the claims 582 process and does not represent all of a policyholder's rights 583 under Florida law regarding the insurance policy. The Homeowner 584 Claims Bill of Rights does not create a civil cause of action by 585 any individual policyholder or class of policyholders against an 586 insurer or insurers. The failure of an insurer to properly 587 deliver the Homeowner Claims Bill of Rights is subject to 588 administrative enforcement by the office but is not admissible 589 as evidence in a civil action against an insurer. The Homeowner 590 Claims Bill of Rights does not enlarge, modify, or contravene 591 statutory requirements, including, but not limited to, ss. 626.854, 626.9541, 627.70131, 627.7015, and 627.7074, and does 592 593 not prohibit an insurer from exercising its right to repair 594 damaged property in compliance with the terms of an applicable 595 policy or ss. 627.7011(5)(e) and 627.702(7). The Homeowner 596 Claims Bill of Rights must state: 597 598 HOMEOWNER CLAIMS 599 BILL OF RIGHTS 600 This Bill of Rights is specific to the claims process 601 and does not represent all of your rights under 602 Florida law regarding your policy. There are also 603 exceptions to the stated timelines when conditions are 604 beyond your insurance company's control. This document 605 does not create a civil cause of action by an 606 individual policyholder, or a class of policyholders, 607 against an insurer or insurers and does not prohibit 608 an insurer from exercising its right to repair damaged 609 property in compliance with the terms of an applicable

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610 policy.

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612 YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO:

 Receive from your insurance company an acknowledgment of your reported claim within 14 days after the time you communicated the claim.

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2. Upon written request, receive from your
617 insurance company within 30 days after you have
618 submitted a complete proof-of-loss statement to your
619 insurance company, confirmation that your claim is
620 covered in full, partially covered, or denied, or
621 receive a written statement that your claim is being
622 investigated.

3. Within 90 days, subject to any dual interest
noted in the policy, receive full settlement payment
for your claim or payment of the undisputed portion of
your claim, or your insurance company's denial of your
claim.

628 4. Receive payment of interest, as provided in s. 629 627.70131, Florida Statutes, from your insurance 630 company, which begins accruing from the date your 631 claim is filed if your insurance company does not pay 632 full settlement of your initial, reopened, or 633 supplemental claim or the undisputed portion of your 634 claim or does not deny your claim within 90 days after 635 your claim is filed. The interest, if applicable, must 636 be paid when your claim or the undisputed portion of 637 your claim is paid.

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5. Free mediation of your disputed claim by the

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20211598er 639 Florida Department of Financial Services, Division of Consumer Services, under most circumstances and 640 641 subject to certain restrictions. 642 6.5. Neutral evaluation of your disputed claim, 643 if your claim is for damage caused by a sinkhole and 644 is covered by your policy. 645 7.6. Contact the Florida Department of Financial 646 Services, Division of Consumer Services' toll-free 647 helpline for assistance with any insurance claim or 648 questions pertaining to the handling of your claim. You can reach the Helpline by phone at... (toll-free 649 650 phone number)..., or you can seek assistance online at 651 the Florida Department of Financial Services, Division 652 of Consumer Services' website at... (website 653 address).... 654 655 YOU ARE ADVISED TO: 656 1. File all claims directly with your insurance 657 company. 658 2. Contact your insurance company before entering 659 into any contract for repairs to confirm any managed 660 repair policy provisions or optional preferred 661 vendors. 662 3.2. Make and document emergency repairs that are 663 necessary to prevent further damage. Keep the damaged 664 property, if feasible, keep all receipts, and take 665 photographs or video of damage before and after any 666 repairs to provide to your insurer. 4.3. Carefully read any contract that requires 667

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668 you to pay out-of-pocket expenses or a fee that is 669 based on a percentage of the insurance proceeds that 670 you will receive for repairing or replacing your 671 property. 672 5.4. Confirm that the contractor you choose is 673 licensed to do business in Florida. You can verify a 674 contractor's license and check to see if there are any 675 complaints against him or her by calling the Florida 676 Department of Business and Professional Regulation. 677 You should also ask the contractor for references from 678 previous work. 679 6.5. Require all contractors to provide proof of 680 insurance before beginning repairs. 681 7.6. Take precautions if the damage requires you to leave your home, including securing your property 682 683 and turning off your gas, water, and electricity, and 684 contacting your insurance company and provide a phone 685 number where you can be reached. 686 Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection 687 (6) of section 631.57, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 631.57 Powers and duties of the association.-688 (1) The association shall: 689 690 (a)1. Be obligated to the extent of the covered claims 691 existing: 692 a. Prior to adjudication of insolvency and arising within 693 30 days after the determination of insolvency; 694 b. Before the policy expiration date if less than 30 days 695 after the determination; or 696 c. Before the insured replaces the policy or causes its

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697 cancellation, if she or he does so within 30 days of the 698 determination.

699 2. The obligation under subparagraph 1. includes only the 700 amount of each covered claim which is in excess of \$100 and is 701 less than \$300,000, except that policies providing coverage for 702 homeowner's insurance <u>must shall</u> provide for an additional 703 \$200,000 for the portion of a covered claim which relates only 704 to the damage to the structure and contents.

705 3.a. Notwithstanding subparagraph 2., the obligation under 706 subparagraph 1. for policies covering condominium associations or homeowners' associations, which associations have a 707 708 responsibility to provide insurance coverage on residential 709 units within the association, includes shall include that amount 710 of each covered property insurance claim which is less than 711 \$200,000 multiplied by the number of condominium units or other 712 residential units; however, as to homeowners' associations, this 713 sub-subparagraph applies only to claims for damage or loss to residential units and structures attached to residential units. 714

715 b. Notwithstanding sub-subparagraph a., the association has 716 no obligation to pay covered claims that are to be paid from the 717 proceeds of bonds issued under s. 631.695. However, the 718 association shall assign and pledge the first available moneys from all or part of the assessments to be made under paragraph 719 720 (3) (a) to or on behalf of the issuer of such bonds for the 721 benefit of the holders of such bonds. The association shall administer any such covered claims and present valid covered 722 723 claims for payment in accordance with the provisions of the 724 assistance program in connection with which such bonds have been 725 issued.

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726 4. In no event shall The association may not be obligated 727 to a policyholder or claimant in an amount in excess of the 728 obligation of the insolvent insurer under the policy from which 729 the claim arises. (6) The association may extend the time limits specified in 730 731 paragraph (1)(a) by up to an additional 60 days or waive the applicability of the \$100 deductible specified in paragraph 732 733 (1) (a) if the board determines it is that either or both such 734 actions are necessary to facilitate the bulk assumption of 735 obligations. Section 21. Subsection (2) of section 631.904, Florida 736 737 Statutes, is amended to read: 738 631.904 Definitions.-As used in this part, the term: 739 (2) "Covered claim" means an unpaid claim, including a claim for return of unearned premiums, which arises out of, is 740 within the coverage of, and is not in excess of the applicable 741 742 limits of, an insurance policy to which this part applies, which 743 policy was issued by an insurer and which claim is made on 744 behalf of a claimant or insured who was a resident of this state at the time of the injury. The term "covered claim" includes 745 746 unpaid claims under any employer liability coverage of a 747 workers' compensation policy limited to the lesser of \$300,000 or the limits of the policy. The term "covered claim" does not 748 749 include any amount sought as a return of premium under any 750 retrospective rating plan; any amount due any reinsurer, 751 insurer, insurance pool, or underwriting association, as 752 subrogation recoveries or otherwise; or any claim that would

753 otherwise be a covered claim that has been rejected or denied by 754 any other state guaranty fund based upon that state's statutory

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755 exclusions, including, but not limited to, those based on 756 coverage, policy type, or an insured's net worth, except this 757 exclusion from the definition of covered claim does not apply to 758 employers who, prior to April 30, 2004, entered into an agreement with the corporation preserving the employer's right 759 760 to seek coverage of claims rejected by another state's guaranty 761 fund; or any return of premium resulting from a policy that was 762 not in force on the date of the final order of liquidation. 763 Member insurers have no right of subrogation against the insured of any insolvent insurer. This provision applies retroactively 764 to cover claims of an insolvent self-insurance fund resulting 765 766 from accidents or losses incurred prior to January 1, 1994, 767 regardless of the date the petition in circuit court was filed 768 alleging insolvency and the date the court entered an order 769 appointing a receiver.

770 Section 22. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this771 act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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